MARKER CODE				



Student Enrolment Number									

# TONGA FORM SIX CERTIFICATES 2016 **DESIGN TECHNOLOGY**

# **QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOKLET**

Time allowed: 3 Hours

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer ALL questions. 1.
- This examination has **TWO** Sections.  $\mathbf{A} = 35 \text{ marks}$   $\mathbf{B} = 30 \text{ marks}$ 2.

Section	Description	Marks
A	DESIGN UNDERSTANDING	Compulsory. Answer ALL questions.
В	MAJOR OUTCOMES	Choose ONE (Major 1 – Major 6)

Major	Topic	Questions	Pages
1	Wood Technology	B1-B4	9-18
2	Metal Technology	B5-B8	19-28
3	Food and Nutrition	B9-B11	29-34
4	<b>Textiles and Garment Construction</b>	B12-B14	35-40
5	Technical Graphics	B15-B18	41-50

- Select only ONE major and answer all the questions in that major. 3.
- 4. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 5. Write your Student Enrolment Number (SEN) in the box at the top right hand corner of this page and on the last page of this booklet. Check that this booklet contains 43 pages in the correct order. Pages 42-43 has been deliberately left blank.

#### **SECTION A: DESIGN UNDERSTANDING**

#### Answer ALL questions in this section

#### Question A1: Multiple Choice

Circle the letter of the best answer to each of the following multiple choice questions.

- 1. The main stages in the designing process are
  - A. problem, specification and task.
  - B. evaluating, building and decision making.
  - C. designing, making and evaluating.
  - D. investigation, processes and developing.

Skill level 1		
1		
0		
NR		

Skill level 1

1

0

NR

- 2. The small arrow s in the designing process diagram shows the
  - A. direction of production.
  - B. revisiting of stages for evaluation.
  - C. big picture of the process.
  - D. main flow of the designing process.
- 3. What is the sample used to test a design concept through observation?
  - A. observation
  - B. prototype
  - C. designing
  - D. specification

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

- 4. A detailed description of what the client needs such as the necessary features is
  - A. design brief.
  - B. document.
  - C. summary.
  - D. solution.

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

- 5. Why it is important to keep records during the process of making the product?
  - A. to calculate cost
  - B. for evaluation
  - C. to save energy and time
  - D. to see the progress made
- 6. Two activities taking place during the production process are
  - A. repairing task and building a prototype.
  - B. thinking about the outcome and modifying the product.
  - C. building a prototype and investigating solution.
  - D. constructing the product and collecting information.
- 7. During the designing stage, the very first thing to do before investigating the solution is
  - A. model the solution.
  - B. identify the problem.
  - C. develop ideas.
  - D. evaluate and document.

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

Skill level 1		
1		
0		
NR		

Skill level 1		
1		
0		
NR		

# **QUESTION A2:**

1. Complete the table below with example of the given design components based on your Project.

	Design Component	Examples	
1	Expectation		[:
2	Specification		

Skill level 2		
2		
1		
0		
NR		

2. Complete the table below with a brief explanation of the given design components based on your project.

	Design Component	Brief Explanation
1	Investigation	
2	Closed Design Brief	
3	Skills	

Skill le	vel 3
3	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

QUI	ESTIO	N A3:	61 :11 1	
_			Skill le	vel 3
1.	Nam	ne main components of a design brief.	3	
	i.		1	
	ii.		0	
	iii.		NR	
	111.			
2.		<b>TWO</b> (2) reasons why it is important to collect information on	Skill lev	vel 2
	appı be u	ropriate tools and equipment before making decision on which to	2	
	ъс и	Sea.	1	
	i.		0	
	ii.		NR	
3.	Why	proper and appropriate techniques and skill have positive impact	Skill le	vel 3
0.	_	our product? Give <b>THREE</b> (3) reasons.	3	
		<u>-</u>	2	
	i.		_ 1	
	ii.		_ 0	
	iii.		NR	
4.	Wha	at do these <b>TWO</b> (2) activities mean in the designing stage?		
	i.	Investigating ideas for solution		
			Skill le	vel 2
			- 2	
	ii.	Model or trial the proposal	1	
	11.	niodel of that the proposal	0	
			NR	

# **QUESTION A4:**

State <b>ONE</b> (1) evaluation point and elaborate how you evaluate	e vour	evel 2
product when finish.	2	
	1	
	0	
	NR	
List <b>THREE</b> (3) activities involved in making a product.	Skill lo	evel 3
List <b>THREE</b> (3) activities involved in making a product.	3	T
i	2	
	1	
ii	0	
iii.	NR	
	n your	evel 4
	_	evel 4
	Skill lo	evel 4
	Skill lo	evel 4
	Skill le	evel 4
designing proposal 'for the solution'. Explain how this works in solution design proposal.	Skill le	evel 4
	Skill le	evel 4
solution design proposal.	Skill le	evel 4
Explain the difference between <b>Model or trial the proposal</b> a	Skill le	
Explain the difference between <b>Model or trial the proposal</b> a	Skill le	
Explain the difference between <b>Model or trial the proposal</b> a	Skill le   4   3   2   1   0   NR	
Explain the difference between <b>Model or trial the proposal</b> a	Skill le   4   3   2   1   0   NR	
	Skill le   4   3   2   1   0   NR	
Explain the difference between <b>Model or trial the proposal</b> a	Skill le   4   3   2   1   0   NR	

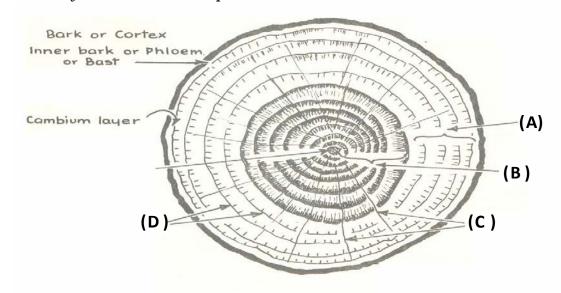
# MAJOR 1:

# WOOD TECHNOLOGY

# QUESTION B1.

1.	Indic	per are commonly classified as either <b>Hardwo</b> cate whether the corresponding statement referenced by labelling either <b>H</b> for <b>Hardwood</b> and	er to <b>Hardwood</b> or			
	boxe	s provided.		Ski	ill level	1
	0	Trees that losses their leaves in winter.		1	0	NR
	a.	frees that losses their leaves in whiter.				
				Ski	ill level	1
	h	Needle leaved trace		1	0	NR
	b.	Needle-leaved trees.				
				Ski	ill level	1
				1	0	NR
	c.	Trees that produce uncovered seed.				
				Ski	ill level	1
				1	0	I
	d.	Trees with visible pores on the end grain.		1	U	NR
	u.	rices with visible pores on the clid grain.			1	

2. Shown below is the cross section of a tree trunk. Study the diagram carefully and answer the question.



a. Complete the table below with the correct name of the parts of the tree trunk indicated by the letter.

Parts	Name
(A)	
(B)	
(C)	
(D)	

Skill level 1		
1		
0		
NR		

Skill level 1			
1			
0			
NR			

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

3. Briefly define the following timber properties.

a.	Texture:		
α.	Torred o.	Skill lev	/el 1
		 1	
		0	
		NR	

b.	Hardness:	Skill lev	vel 1
		1	
		0	
		NR	

# QUESTION B2.

i.	Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Conversion.	
	Name :	
	Explanation :	
		1
		0
Sea	soning of Timber	0
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning	0
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	0
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning	0
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	0
Sea	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	0
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	O NR
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	0 NR
	soning of Timber  Name and briefly explain one method of Timber Seasoning  Name:	0 NR

# c. Wood Working Machine

Name and explain <b>TWO</b> (2) different types of operations that can		
be safely carried out on the wood working lathe machine.		
Name of Operation 1 :		
Explanation:		
Name of Operation 2 :		
Explanation:		
	Skill le	vel 2
	2	
	0	
	NR	

### QUESTION B3.

a.	Moisture	Content
a.	Moistaic	COLLECTION

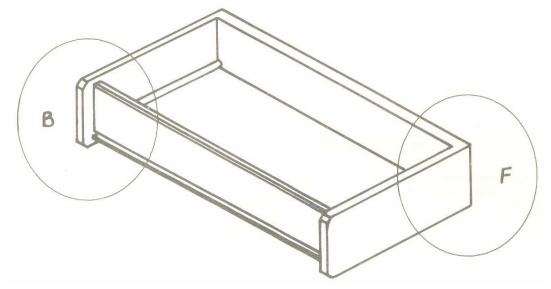
i. Calculate the moisture content (MC) of a sample piece of timber weigh 240 grams. After oven trying, the weight goes down to 200 grams. What is the application of the timber with the calculated moisture content?

<u>Calculation:</u>	
Moisture Content (%) =	
Moisture Content (70) -	-
Application:	_
	-

Skill level 3		
3		
2		
1		
0		
NR		

#### b. Fastening & Fittings

Study the drawing of the drawer given below and answer questions that follow.



i.	Name the	2	suitable	types	of	ioint	for	ioint	В.
		_		-,		.,		.,	

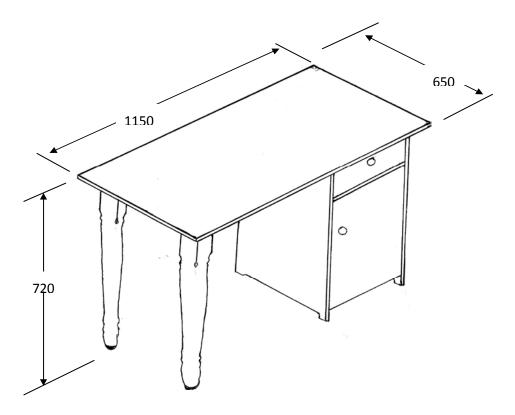
Name of suitable Joint 1:	
Name of mitable Islant O.	
Name of suitable Joint 2:	

ii.	Compare the 2 joints stated in part i) and name the most suitable
	ioint to be used for joint <b>B</b> .

		_

Skill le	vel 3
 3	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

c. Study the student's desk given below and answer the question that follow.

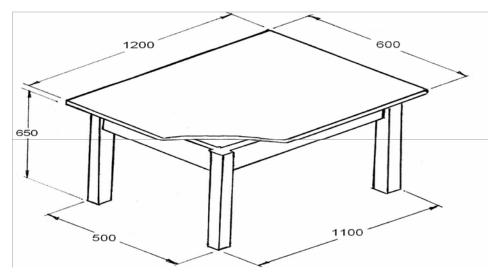


Complete the table below by:

- i. Listing TWO required properties that must be considered in choosing material for the top and the leg of the student's desk.
- ii. Suggesting the most appropriate material that matches the two properties stated in part i).

Parts	Required properties	Suggested material		
	1.	1.		
Тор			Skill le	vel 3
	2.		4	
			3	
	1.	1.	2	
Legs	1.	1.	1	
Dego	2.		0	
			NR	

d. Study the dining table below and answer the question that follow.



Use the information given below to calculate the cost of the timber required for the dining table.

Table Parts	Size	Material	Cost
Leg	75 mm x 75 mm	Hardwood - Tawa	\$8.50/m
Rail	25 mm x 75 mm	Hardwood - Tawa	\$4.30/m
Тор	25 mm x 100 mm	Hardwood - Tawa	\$6.20/m

ii.

Calculati	on of 4 R	Rails		

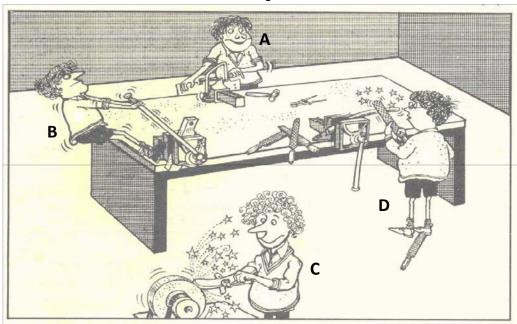
Calculation of the top	Skill lev	امر
	JKIII IE	VCI
	4	
	3	
	2	
	1	
	 0	
TOTAL Timber cost for the Dining Table:	NR	

#### **METAL TECHNOLOGY**

### QUESTION B5.

### 1. Workshop Safety

Study the cartoon below and answer the questions that follow.



i. Describe one way in which **boy A** is neglecting common sense safety practice in which he is working.

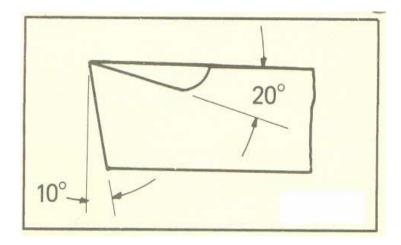
Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

ii. Give one reason why the grinding machine shown is dangerous that should not be used.

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

#### 2. **Metal Lathe Tool**

a. The side view of a lathe tool suitable for cutting soft steel is shown below.



Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

- i. The angle of 10° is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. **Solder** is an example of:
  - A. Ferrous Metal.
  - B. Non-Ferrous Metal.
  - C. Ferrous Alloy.
  - D. Non-Ferrous Alloy.

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

4. A simple formula used to calculate the tap drill required to a metric tap when a tap drill chart is not available is:

Outside diameter minus pitch equals tap drill size

The tap drill required for the M12 x 1.75 is:

- A. 12 mm.
- B. 10.75 mm.
- C. 10.50 mm.
- D. 10.25 mm.

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

o. Ony-Acceptenc weight	5.	Oxy-Ace	tylene	Welding
-------------------------	----	---------	--------	---------

a.	The oxy-acetylene welding equipment in most schools is fitted
	with flash-back arrestor. What is the purpose of the flash-back
	arrestor?

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

b. Name the correct tool used to clean a block welding torch tip.

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

#### 6. Metal Lathe Machine

a. Name 2 factors that should be considered in selecting the speed of a lathe machine if the lathe tool is from high speed steel (HSS).

Factor 1:		
Factor 2		

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	
Skill le	vel 1
Skill le	vel 1
	vel 1

# 7. Electric Arc Welding

a. Name 1 factor that should be considered in choosing the right electrode for an electric arc welding job.

Factor 1:			

Skill level 1		
1		
0		
NR		

### **QUESTION B6**

### 1. Soldering

a. Preparation for soldering of sheet metal would include the use of flux. Give 2 reasons why flux is used in soldering.

	JKIII IC	VCI Z
Reason1:	2	
	1	
Reason 2:	0	
	NR	

#### 2. Hand Tools

a. Complete the table below by naming the hand tools and the description of their use.

Hand Tools	Name	Use
Many France Adjusters Toward Str. of Westers Services		
sliding blade		
adjusting screw 1		

١.			
	Skill level 2		
	2		
	1		
	0		
	NR		

Skill level 2

# 3. **Material Properties**

a.	Brie	fly explain the following mechanical properties of metal.		
	a.	Elasticity:	-	
			Skill le	vel 2
			2	
	b.	Plasticity:	1	
			0	
			NR	

### **QUESTION B7**

#### 1. Fasteners

a. Complete the table below by stating one advantage and one disadvantage of the following common fasteners if you need to joint causes of the following n galvanised sheet metal for a funnel.

Types of	Advantage	Disadvantage
Fasteners		
Soldering		
Rivets		
Screw		

Skill lev	vel 3
3	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

# 2. **Drilling Operation**

a. Complete the table below by listing the causes of the following faults that can occur when drilling.

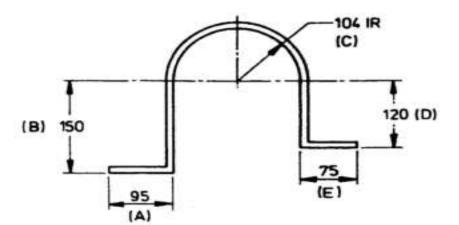
Faults	Cause(s)
Oversize hole	
Drill squeaks and won't cut	
Wall of hole is rough	

Skill level 3		
3		
2		
1		
0		
NR		

#### 3. Form Work

a. The golden rule when calculating the material for formed work is to take measuring to the inside of square sharp bends and to use the centre line material (MD) for all curved work.

Calculate the length of the bar required to bend the pipe bracket in the diagram below.



Skill le	vel 4
4	
3	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

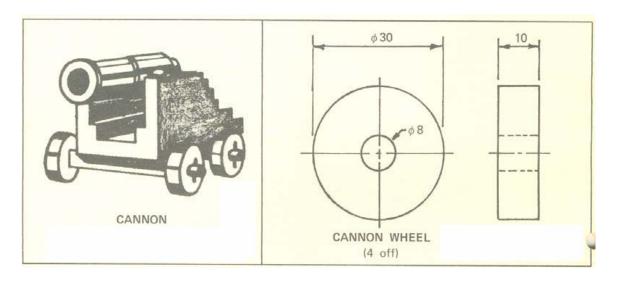
**Material**: 75 mm x 10 mm flat steel bar

Calculation of part (A) =	
Calculation of part (B) =	
Calculation of part (C) =	

Calculation of	part (D) =		
Calculation of	? part (E) =		
Tatal Lagarita	£410 - 10 - 11		
Total Length	$n$ the par = _	 	

# 4. Metal Turning Process

A pictorial sketch of a model cannon is shown below. Four wheels are to be made to the sizes given.



The table below shows how the four wheels could be made from ONE setting of the material in the lathe machine.

Complete he table by writing the correct Operation and Description in the spaces provided.

**Material**: 150 mm long x 32 mm diameter from free cutting mild steel.

Operation	Description
i. Setting up	Hold in a 3 jaw chuck approximately half way along its length
ii.Facing	a b
iii	Use a right-hand tool in tool holder and machine the outside diameter to 30 mm foe a length of 60 – 70 mm
iv. Drilling	a
v. Parting Off	<ul><li>a. Set parting off tool up square and on centre.</li><li>b. Using cutting fluid and a slow speed, cut wheel off 10 mm wide.</li></ul>

Skill lev	vel 4
4	
3	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

#### MAJOR 3 FOOD AND NUTRITION

Answer ALL questions in this section

# Question B1

#### **Essential Nutrients**

1.	Explain ONE (1) function of each of the following nutrients in the human				
	body	ý.	Skill le	vel 3	
			3		
	i.	Protein:	2		
	••	Ti.ii.	1		
	ii.	Lipid:	0		
	iii.	Vitamin:	NR		
2.	i.	Name <b>ONE</b> (1) nutrition-related disease discussed in the classroom.			
			Skill le	vel 3	
	ii.	Explain the cause of the disease and how to prevent it from	3		
		happening.	2		
			1		
			0		
			NID		

3. Fill in the table below to show the nutritional requirements of each type of people and identify why they need that particular nutrient.

			2kili le	vei 4
Type of people	Nutrient needs	Why	4	
i. Sports people			3	
			2	
ii. Elderly people			1	
3 1 1			0	
			NR	

Skill lovel 4

### Question B2

# Food Quality and Food Preparation

1.	Fill in the table below to show the changes happen to food when put
	in the refrigerator longer than it should be.

Food	Physical change	Nutritional change
Fish		
Vegetables		

Skill le	Skill level 4	
4		
3		
2		
1		
0		
NR		

2. Safe food handling and preparation is very important when preparing food for your family or any other occasion. Explain the following techniques and give **ONE** (1) example each.

i.	Personal	hygiene
----	----------	---------

Example:	<b>:</b>	

ii. Kitchen hygiene

Kitchen nygiene	Skill level 2	
	2	
	1	
	0	
Example:	NR	

3. Explain what are 'high risk' food and give 2 examples

Explanation

	Skill le	evel	
	2		
Evample	1		
Example	0		
	NR		

4.

4.	To prepare a healthy meal for your family, it is important to use very little fat and salt when cooking. Explain <b>TWO</b> (2) reasons for this advice.			
			Skill le	vel 2
	i.		2	
			1	
	ii.		0	
				1

### **Question B3**

#### Food issues and solution

- 1. Healthy food is very expensive here in Tonga and unhealthy food is cheap. This makes people buy unhealthy foods that make them suffered different type of diseases.
  - i. Name **TWO** (2) healthy foods that are expensive and TWO unhealthy foods that are cheap.

Healthy foods	ods	
	Skill le	vel 2
	2	
Unhealthy foods	1	
onneating toous	Λ	

NR

ii.	How can you help to solve this problem and make healthy food	Skill level 2	
11.	cheaper? Give <b>TWO</b> (2) ways.	2	
	cheaper: Give <b>1 wo</b> (2) ways.	1	
		0	
		NR	

2. Explain how you could promote good nutrition and health in your school. Give **TWO** (2) ways.

·	Skill level 2	
	2	
	1	
	0	
	NR	

One of the most killing diseases to the Tongan people is Diabetic. This

3.

is primarily due to their eating habit. Write down an appropriate lunch menu for a diabetic woman's diet. Explain your food choice.		
Menu:		
	Skill le	vel 1
	1	
	0	
	NR	
Reason:		
	Skill le	vel 3
	3	
	2	
	1	
	0	
	NR	

### MAJOR 4 TEXTILES AND GARMENT CONSTRUCTION

Answer ALL questions in this section

# Question B4 Textiles Properties & Fabric Construction

1.	Blen	ding of wool and cotton will improve the properties of the fabric.		
	i.	Lie (MY) (O) and I among the office of the control	Skill lev	vel 2
	1.	List <b>TWO</b> (2) good properties of fabrics that are made from blending of wool and cotton.	2	
		bichamig of woor and cotton.	1	
			0	
			NR	
	ii.	What could you make from this fabric?	Skill lev	vel 1
			1	
			0	
			NR	
			Skill lev	vel 1
	iii.	How would you launder it?	1	
			0	
			NR	
2.	Desc i. ii.	Resilience  Absorbency		
	:::		Skill le	vel 4
	iii.	Elasticity	4	
			3	
			2	
	iv.	Lustre	1	
			0 NR	
			I NK	1

3. List any **TWO** (2) reasons why we wear clothes.

Skill level 2	
2	
1	
0	
NR	

# Question B5

# **Design Principles and Elements**

	cribe what happens to the figure when wearing fabric with the wing lines.	
a.	Curved	
b.	Horizontal	
		Skill le
		3
c.	Vertical	2
		1
		0
	ain how could you use design to emphasize a person with the	NR
	ain how could you use design to emphasize a person with the wing body features:  Attractive faces	NR
follo	wing body features:	NR
follo	wing body features:	NR
follo	wing body features:  Attractive faces	NR Skill le
follo	wing body features:  Attractive faces	Skill le
follo	wing body features:  Attractive faces	Skill II   3   2
follo a. b.	Attractive faces  Slim waistline	Skill le

Describe the following design elements with example.

3.

a.	Texture			
b.	Point			
c.	Line			
			kill lev	el 4
			3	
.1	Clara a		2	
d.	Shape		1	
			0	
		<u> </u>	NR	

# Question B6 Garment Construction and Techniques

Met	hod 1:		
Rea	son:	Skill le	vel
		4	
		3	
Met	hod 2:	2	
		1	
Rea	son:	0	
		NR	
	rment. Clip	l on	
i. ii.	Clip		
i.	Clip		vel
i.	Clip		vel
i.	Clip	Skill le	vel
i. ii.	Clip  Dart	Skill le	vel
i. ii.	Clip  Dart	Skill le 3 2	vel

3.	Expla Mach	in how you handle the following problems when using your sewing ine		
	i.	The lower thread is loosening		
	ii.	Breaking of needle thread		
			Skill lev	vel 3
			3	
	iii.	Skipping of stitches	2	
	111.	oxipping or strictics	1	
			0	

NR

### MAJOR 5: TECHNICAL GRAPHICS

# Question B1 - TG

a. Complete the Table below with standard line drawing of the following line types.

	Line Types (description)	Standard Line Drawing
i.	Continuous Thin Line	
ii.	Thin Dashed Line	
iii.	Continuous Thick Line	
iv.	Chain Line , Thick at the ends and at change of direction but Thin elsewhere	

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

Skill lev	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

b. Complete the table below by the correct name of the standard technical drawing symbol.

	Standard Technical Drawing Symbols	Correct Name of Standard Technical Drawing Symbols
i.	Ø	
ii.		
iii.		

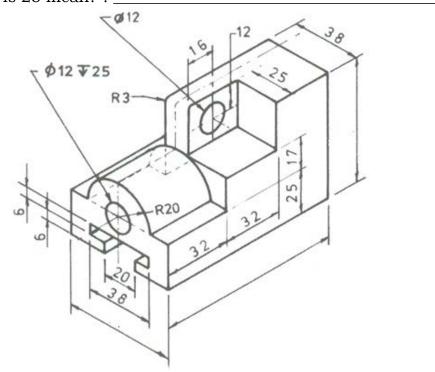
Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	

- c. The dimension  $\emptyset 12 \mathbf{T} 25$  is given in the diagram below.
  - i. What is 25 mean?:

Skill level 1	
1	
0	
NR	



1 0 NR

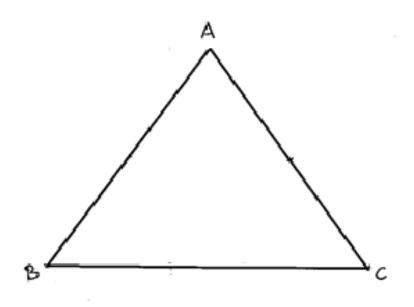
Skill level 1

ii. What is the total Length of the diagram above: \_\_\_\_\_

Skill level 1		
1		
0		

NR

- iii. What is the total height of the diagram above:
- d. Bisect the angle BCA of the triangle ABC given below. Show Construction Line.



Skill level 2	
2	
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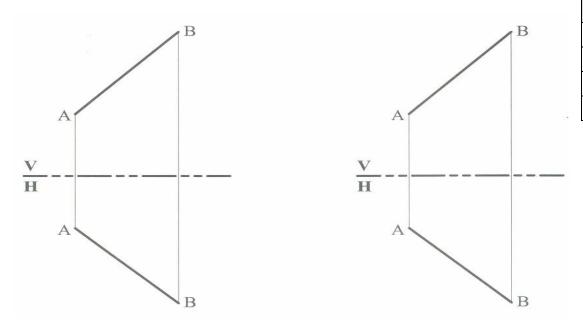
e. The projection of an oblique line AB onto the horizontal and vertical planes is given below.

Use the rotational method to determine the true length and true angle of inclination of the line AB to:

i. the horizontal plane
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# Question B2 - TG

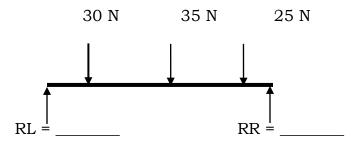
a. Given below is the plan and incomplete elevation of interpenetration cylinders.

Complete the elevation by drawing of intersection. Show all construction lines.

PLAN
ELEVATION

Skill level 3		
3		
2		
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- b. Given below is the Space diagram of parallel forces acting on a beam. Use the Funicular, force and Polar diagram to determine the following:
  - i. Position of the resultant force.
  - ii. Reaction RL and RR at the supports.



Scale:

Skill level 4		
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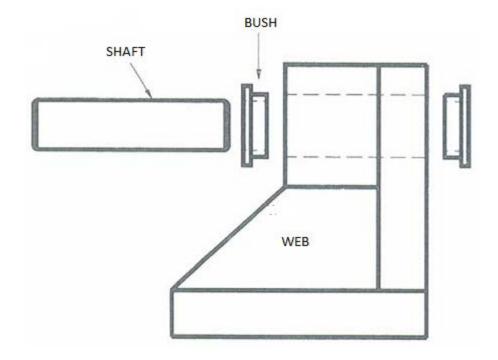
Skill level 3		
3		
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# c. Simple Assembly Drawing

Below is an exploded front view of a CI Support Bracket.

Draw the sectional assembly front view of the CI Support Bracket, taking into consideration the shaft, bushes and the web.

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